



## UGC NET Paper-1 - Previous Years Question Papers

In any UGC NET exam, you will find large number of questions appearing from previous papers. So whatever sources/books/websites/coaching you are preparing from, going through previous papers is a MUST.

So, how to make best use of these question papers? Start solving papers one by one. While solving each question, try to understand the “entire concept” not just the given “question”. For example, if question is:

**Brain storming as a method can be used for:**

**(A) Out-of-box thinking (B) Coherent thinking (C) Generate new ideas in the area of interest (D) Critical thinking**

Now do not just look for the Answer (Option C)? Also find out, what exactly are these terms? What does each term mean and what all is included in its description? Do not just solve the particular question...Learn the Concept...Questions will not repeat in next exam...Concepts will repeat...You should be equipped to handle any question on career, just because you did one question.

Please mind it that, it will take time. May be 8-10 hours for each paper.... But if you attempt all previous years' papers with this approach, no one can stop you from getting very good score in UGC NET.

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1.) Identify the characteristics and basic requirements of reflective level teaching in the following list of statements:

- (a) Teacher presents the information and ideas systematically to help recall them when needed
- (b) Teacher conducts drills and exercises to fix up the ideas in the minds of students.
- (c) Issues are raised and discussed with a view to sift the potential rational solution of problems.
- (d) Teacher asks students to give examples and parallel ideas.
- (e) Academic sessions are conducted in a dialogic mode to explore and explain the basis of arguments.

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (A) (a) and (b) only
- (B) (c) and (d) only
- (C) (c) and (e) only
- (D) (d) and (e) only

2.) For effective teaching which of the following is a key behavior?

- (A) Encouraging students to elaborate their own answer or that of other students.
- (B) Summarizing what was told by a student.
- (C) Teacher gives comments for the purpose of organizing what is to come.
- (D) Making ideas clear to learners who may be at different level of understanding.

3.) Which of the following strategies of teaching are learner-centered?

- (a) Cybernetics
- (b) Lecture with audio visual aids
- (c) Question-answer session
- (d) Practical tasks based project
- (e) Group discussion

Choose the correct answer from the options given below

- (A) Only (a) and (d)
- (B) Only (a) and (b)
- (C) Only (c) and (d)
- (D) Only (d) and (e)

4.) Which of the following sequences correctly reflects the development of teaching support systems in Indian higher education?

- (A) Audio-visual, Aural-oral, Visual and ICT based.
- (B) Aural-oral, Visual, Audio-visual and ICT based
- (C) ICT based. Audio-visual. Aural-oral and Visual
- (D) Visual, Aural-oral, ICT based and Audio-visual

5.) In which of the following evaluation systems evaluation occurs informally during instructions?

- (A) Evaluation in choice-based credit system
- (B) Evaluation through computer based testing
- (C) Summative evaluation
- (D) Formative evaluation

6.) There are two sets given below in which Set I offers Types of Research and Set II gives their description. Match the two sets:

SET I	SET II
(Types of Research)	(Description)
(a) Fundamental Research	(i) In-depth study with focus on typicality
(b) Applied Research	(ii) Intervention based ameliorative moves
(c) Action Research	(iii) Exploring applicability of truths/principles to new situations
(d) Case Study Research	(iv) Impact studies to watch effects
	(v) Adding to corpus of knowledge by formulating theory

Choose the correct answer from the following options:

- (A) (a) - (v), (b) - (iii), (c) - (ii), (d) - (i)
- (B) (a) - (i), (b) - (ii), (c) - (iii), (d) - (iv)
- (C) (a) - (iii), (b) - (iv), (c) - (i), (d) - (v)
- (D) (a) - (ii), (b) - (iv), (c) - (v), (d) - (i)

7.) In which of the following research methods, manipulation and control of variables, and randomization of sample are two of the basic requirements?

- (A) Ex-post facto research
- (B) Descriptive research
- (C) Case study research
- (D) Experimental research

8.) Which of the following sequences correctly represents the steps of research using a quantitative paradigm?

- (A) Hypothesis framing, Hypothesis testing, Conclusions and Reporting.
- (B) Establishing a research problem, Hypothesis framing, Hypothesis testing, Generalization and conclusions and Implications of results
- (C) Problem identification, Sample selection, Developing a research design and Field work.
- (D) Defining a problem, Survey of related studies, Sampling, Data collection and Data analysis

9.) In terms of research ethics, which of the following may be considered as the most vulnerable stage?

- (A) Defining the purpose and scope of study
- (B) Defining the population and sampling method
- (C) Data analysis, interpretation and reporting of results
- (D) Selection of research tools whether qualitative or quantitative

10.) ICT application in research is most useful for which of the following reasons?

- (A) For reducing the cost of research
- (B) For academic establishment
- (C) For enhancing scope of accessibility of research data
- (D) For promoting dialogic interactions

11.) The key to effective listening by students in a classroom is

- (A) Sympathy towards the teacher

- (B) Interest in informal education
- (C) Empathetic learning
- (D) Desire to memorize

12.) Communicated message is considered as a/an

- (A) Social product
- (B) Unnatural product
- (C) Spin-off product
- (D) Techno product

13.) Semantic noise in classroom communication can be limited by avoiding the use of

- (A) Dialogues
- (B) Cliched jargon
- (C) Non verbal cues
- (D) Multi-media

14.) Which of the following are useful in overcoming the communication barriers in a classroom?

- (a) Identifying the level of redundancy
- (b) Use of unfamiliar words
- (c) Ignoring the students' vocabulary
- (d) Fragmented sentences
- (e) Voice inflexion
- (f) Contextualizing the speech

Choose the correct answer from the options given below

- (A) Only (a), (b) and (c)
- (B) Only (b), (c) and (d)
- (C) Only (c), (d) and (f)
- (D) Only (a), (e) and (f)

15.) Given below are two statements - one is labelled as Assertion A and the other as Reason R.  
Assertion A: Skills of oration coupled with wit and humor make classroom communication compelling

Reason R: Rhetorical interventions do not make classroom communication purposeful

In the light of the above two statements choose the correct option

- (A) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A
- (B) Both A and R are true but R is NOT the correct explanation of A
- (C) A is true but R is false
- (D) A is false but R is true

16.) The missing two numbers in the following series are

1, 4, 3, 16, 5, 36, ?, ?, 9, 100

- (A) 7, 50
- (B) 7, 64
- (C) 8, 72
- (D) 8, 81

17.) Average of three numbers is 22. Sum of two of the numbers is 24 and these two numbers are in the ratio 7:5. Find the three numbers.

- (A) -6, 30, 42
- (B) 6, 25, 35
- (C) 14, 10, 42
- (D) 4, 20, 42

18.) In a certain coding language 'CHEMISTRY' is written as DGFLJRUQZ, then in the same code 'GEOMETRY' will be written as:

- (A) HDPLFSSZ
- (B) HDLPFSXS
- (C) HLDPFSSX
- (D) HDPLFSSX

19.) If  $20\%$  of  $(a+b) = 50\%$  of  $(ab)$  and  $40\%$  of  $(a-b) = 70\%$  of  $ab$ , then what fraction of  $a$  is  $b$ ?

- (A)  $\frac{3}{17}$
- (B)  $\frac{-3}{17}$
- (C)  $\frac{4}{17}$
- (D)  $\frac{17}{3}$

20.) The next term in the following series is ABB, BCF, CDL, \_\_\_?

- (A) DEU
- (B) DET
- (C) DES
- (D) DER

21.) Out of the given four options which one does not belong to the class of other three?  
Neurologist, Cardiologist, Alchemist, Gynecologist

- (A) Gynecologist
- (B) Cardiologist
- (C) Alchemist
- (D) Neurologist

22.) The propositions "All Indians eat rice" and "Some Indians eat rice" are an example of

- (A) Subalternation
- (B) Contraries
- (C) Contradictions
- (D) Sub contraries

23.) In Indian logic, which means of knowledge is drawn from the similarity between two objects?

- (A) Comparison
- (B) Inference

- (C) Perception
- (D) Implication

24.) Which of the following statements expresses information use of language?

- (A) Get out of my class.
- (B) Why are you so late?
- (C) I request my students to be punctual
- (D) She is very caring and cooperative

25.) Sir. X is penniless. Therefore, he should be preferred for admission to college". This reasoning represents which kind of fallacy?

- (A) Ad hominem
- (B) Ad misericordiam
- (C) Ad baculum
- (D) Ignoratio elenchi

26.) Consider the table given below and answer the questions that follow:-

Publishing House	Number of Books Published	Ratio of Academic and Non-Academic Books	Percentage of Books Distributed	No. of Distributors in Publishing House
A	28200	7:3	81	17
B	32200	5:9	74	23
C	29700	6:5	92	18
D	31200	8:5	86	24
E	33800	7:6	78	26
F	35700	11:6	82	21
G	37800	5:13	89	24

What is the difference between the number of academic books published by publishing houses A and D?

- (A) 450
- (B) 504
- (C) 540
- (D) 604

27.) How many books were given to each distributor by publisher E, if each distributor gets equal number of books?

- (A) 1024
- (B) 1014
- (C) 986
- (D) 962

28.) What is the average number of non-academic books published by publishers F and G?

- (A) 18850
- (B) 18950
- (C) 19850
- (D) 19950

29.) If the total number of books published by publishers D, E and F is increased by 20% and the total number of books published by the remaining publishers be decreased by 20%. what will be the new average of books published by all the publishers?

- (A) 31880
- (B) 32518
- (C) 33318
- (D) 33610

30.) What is the total number of books distributed by publishers C and E?

- (A) 53688
- (B) 54026
- (C) 27513
- (D) 27324

31.) Identify the correct pair from the following:

- (A) AVE - File Transfer Protocol
- (B) Excel - Word Processing Software
- (C) HDD - Cloud Storage Facility
- (D) Ubuntu - Operating System

32.) BCD stands for

- (A) Binary Coded Decimal
- (B) Binary Coded Digit
- (C) Bit Coded Decimal
- (D) Bit Coded Digit

33.) Which one of the following allows a phone call to be routed over network wires?

- (A) Video Conferencing
- (B) Teleconferencing
- (C) Optical Fibre
- (D) VOIP

34.) Which one of the following represents one billion characters?

- (A) 1 Kilobyte
- (B) 1 Megabyte
- (C) 1 Gigabyte
- (D) 1 Terabyte

35.) Scrambling of data before transmission across a network to avoid manipulation by a third party is known as

- (A) Protection

- (B) Permutation
- (C) Detection
- (D) Encryption

36.) A measure such as building a plinth wall for floods would be termed as

- (A) Preparedness
- (B) Prevention
- (C) Mitigation
- (D) Adaptation

37.) At present, in India, the total installed renewable power capacity is accounted for by:

- (a) Solar Power
- (b) Wind Power
- (c) Hydropower
- (d) Urban and industrial waste to energy conversion
- (e) Biomass power
- (f) Geothermal power

Choose the correct answer from the options given below

- (A) Only (a), (b), (c), (e) and (f)
- (B) Only (a), (b), (c), (d) and (f)
- (C) Only (a), (b), (c), (d) and (e)
- (D) (a), (b), (c), (d), (e) and (f)

38.) The most relevant effect of particulate matter in air on human health is:

- (A) Impaired blood formation
- (B) Chest tightness
- (C) Aggravation of respiratory disease
- (D) Headache and rise in blood pressure level

39.) Given below are two statements one is labelled as Assertion (A) and the other is labelled as Reason R):

Assertion, A: It is crucial to sustain Himalayan ecosystem

Reason, R: Himalayan ecosystem is home to a number of indigenous tribes.

In the light of the above two statements choose the correct answer from the options given below

- (A) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.
- (B) Both A and R are true but R is NOT the correct explanation of A.
- (C) A is true but R is false
- (D) A is false but R is true

40.) In developing countries, the fraction of food waste in the composition of municipal solid waste is typically in the range

- (A) 10-15%
- (B) 20-30%
- (C) 25-35%
- (D) Greater than 40%

41.) In order to be eligible for the status of 'Deemed to be University', an institution, among other essential conditions, must have to its credit. Which of the following is correct?

- (A) At least 2 research publications in peer reviewed or SCOPUS/WOS journals per year per faculty
- (B) At least 5 research publications in peer reviewed or SCOPUS/WOS journals per year per faculty.
- (C) At least 1 research publication in peer reviewed or SCOPUS/WOS journals per year per faculty.
- (D) At least 3 research publications in peer reviewed journals per year per faculty

42.) Which of the following schemes of Government of India aims to support innovative research projects that are socially relevant, locally need based, nationally important and globally significant?

- (A) SPARC
- (B) STRIDE
- (C) IMPRESS
- (D) STARS

43.) Under GATS, higher education policies are to be framed by which of the following Departments?

- (A) Education
- (B) External Affairs
- (C) Commerce and Trade
- (D) Urban Planning

44.) Which of the following are the main recommendations of 'Knowledge Commission' with regard to higher education in India?

- (a) More regulatory institutions
- (b) Closure of private universities
- (c) Massive expansion of higher education.
- (d) Focus on affirmative action
- (e) Efforts to achieve excellence
- (f) Nationalisation of higher education

Choose the correct answer from the options given below

- (A) Only (a), (b) and (c)
- (B) Only (b), (d) and (f)
- (C) Only (c), (d) and (e)
- (D) Only (d), (e) and (f)

45.) Given below are two statements: one is labelled as Assertion A and the other is labelled as Reason R.

Assertion A: Central Universities are considered elite higher education institutions in India.

Reason R: Despite their elitist image, these institutions do not find place in the top order of international ranking.

In the light of the above two statements choose the correct answer from the options given below

- (A) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A
- (B) Both A and R are true but R is NOT the correct explanation of A

- (C) A is true. but R is false
- (D) A is false. but R is true

Read the following passage carefully and answer questions that follow.

Under a freely flexible exchange rate system and a stable foreign exchange market, the nation's currency will depreciate until the monetary deficit is entirely eliminated. Under a managed float, the nation's monetary authorities usually do not allow the full depreciation required to eliminate the deficit completely. Under a fixed exchange rate system, the exchange rate can depreciate only within the narrow limits allowed so that most of the balance of payments adjustment must come from elsewhere. A depreciation to the extent that it is allowed, stimulates production and income in the deficit nation and induces imports to rise. Thus reducing part of the original improvement in the trade balance resulting from the depreciation under a freely flexible exchange rate system. This simply means that the depreciation needed to eliminate a balanced-payment deficit is larger than if these automatic income changes were not present. Except under a freely flexible exchange rate system, a balance of-payment tends to reduce the nation's money supply, thus increasing its interest rates. This, in turn, reduces domestic investment and income in the deficit nation, which induces its imports to fall and thereby reduces the deficit. The increase in interest rates also attracts foreign capital. which helps the nation finance the deficit. The reduction in income and in the money supply also causes prices in the deficit nation to fall relative to prices in the surplus nation, thus Author improving the balance of trade of the deficit nation.

46.) What is needed to completely eliminate the monetary deficit?

- (A) Conditioned exchange rate
- (B) Complete currency depreciation
- (C) Volatile foreign exchange market
- (D) Free exchange rate system

47.) Why full depreciation is not allowed?

- (A) BoP adjustment should come from elsewhere
- (B) Because of foreign exchange shortage
- (C) For improving trade balance
- (D) Full depreciation does not eliminate deficit.

48.) Limited depreciation of currency is allowed to

- (A) Nullify trade balance under free exchange rate system
- (B) Restrict foreign investment
- (C) Increase domestic production
- (D) Curtail higher income

49.) What happens under a free exchange system?

- (A) Reduction in money supply
- (B) Larger depreciation in the absence of automatic income changes
- (C) Increase in interest rates
- (D) Less domestic investment

50.) According to the passage, deficit in balance of payments leads to

- (A) Price increase in the deficit nation

- (B) Automatic adjustments in income
- (C) Fall in import by surplus nations
- (D) Improvements in the trade balance of the deficit nation